

Lesson 27: Verbs/Indicative Mood, Secondary Tenses (*continued*)

- A. Conjugate λέγω, say (VI.), in the *pluperfect* (§§415-418) and *aorist passive* (§§419-424) tenses:

	<i>Plupf. Act.</i>	<i>Plupf. Mid.-Pass.</i>	<i>Aor. Pass.</i>
Sg. 1.	εἰρήκειν	εἰρήμην	ἔρρέθην
2.	_____	_____	_____
3.	_____	_____	_____
Pl. 1.	_____	_____	_____
2.	_____	_____	_____
3.	_____	_____	_____

- B. Supply the missing forms for the following verbs in the same person and number as the form given (cf. §4070, §422, and §4241):

	<i>Pres. Act.</i>	<i>Aor. Act.</i>	<i>Aor. Mid.</i>	<i>Aor. Pass.</i>
1.	ἀκούεις (I.1a)	_____	_____	_____
2.	_____	_____	ἐπαυσάμεθα (I.1a)	_____
3.	_____	_____	_____	ἔτελέσθητε (I.5d)
4.	_____	ἔγραψα (I.3)	_____	_____
5.	_____	_____	ἐπιστεύσαντο (I.1a)	_____
6.	_____	ἔσπειρας (III.4)	_____	_____
7.	βάλλουσι (v) (III.3)	_____	_____	_____
8.	_____	_____	_____	ἤξιώθην (I.2c)

C. The paradigm given in the *Grammar* for the first or weak aorist (§406) is πιστεύω: active, ἐπίστευσα (§408); middle, ἐπιστευσάμην (§408); and passive, ἐπιστεύθην (§421). Indicate the *voice* of the following first person singular aorist verbs and describe how they differ from the comparable form of πιστεύω (verb class and lexical form are given in parentheses):

ex.: ἐθέμην (I.7b, τίθημι): middle voice; a root aorist (§4120), i.e., personal ending is added directly to the tense base (no-σα-).

- | | <i>Voice</i> |
|------------------------------|--------------|
| 1. ἠγγέλην (III.3, ἀγγέλλω) | _____ |
| <i>Difference:</i> _____ | |
| 2. ἐλιπόμην (I.3a, λείπω) | _____ |
| <i>Difference:</i> _____ | |
| 3. ἔδωκα (I.7b, δίδωμι) | _____ |
| <i>Difference:</i> _____ | |
| 4. ἐθλίβην (I.3a, θλίβω) | _____ |
| <i>Difference:</i> _____ | |
| 5. ἔμεινα (I.4, μένω) | _____ |
| <i>Difference:</i> _____ | |
| 6. ἔτυχον (IV.2, τυγχάνω) | _____ |
| <i>Difference:</i> _____ | |
| 7. ἐπλήσθην (I.7b, πίμπλημι) | _____ |
| <i>Difference:</i> _____ | |
| 8. ἐπέμφθην (I.3a, πέμπω) | _____ |
| <i>Difference:</i> _____ | |
| 9. ἔστην (I.7b, ἵστημι) | _____ |

Difference: _____

10. ἐδιωξάμην (I.3b, διώκω) _____

Difference: _____

11. ἔφυγον (I.3b, φεύγω) _____

Difference: _____

12. ἐκλείσθην (I.1a, κλείω) _____

Difference: _____

D. Identify the following *aorist* and *imperfect* verbs from Acts 10:1-30:

	<i>Person</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Tense</i>	<i>Voice</i>
1. εἶδεν (3)	_____	_____	_____	_____
2. ἀνέβησαν (4)	_____	_____	_____	_____
3. ἀπῆλθεν (7)	_____	_____	_____	_____
4. ἀπέστειλεν (8)	_____	_____	_____	_____
5. ἀνέβη (9)	_____	_____	_____	_____
6. ἐγένετο (10)	_____	_____	_____	_____
7. ὑπῆρχεν (12)	_____	_____	_____	_____
8. ἔφαγον (14)	_____	_____	_____	_____
9. ἀνελήμφθη (16)	_____	_____	_____	_____
10. διηπόρει (17)	_____	_____	_____	_____
11. ἐπέστησαν (17)	_____	_____	_____	_____
12. ἐπυνθάνοντο (18)	_____	_____	_____	_____
13. ἐχρηματίσθη (22)	_____	_____	_____	_____
14. προσεκύνησεν (25)	_____	_____	_____	_____
15. ἤγειρεν (26)	_____	_____	_____	_____
16. ἔδειξεν (28)	_____	_____	_____	_____

	<i>Person</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Tense</i>	<i>Voice</i>
17. μετεπέμψασθε (29)	_____	_____	_____	_____
18. ἔφη (30)	_____	_____	_____	_____
19. ἦμην (30)	_____	_____	_____	_____
20. ἔστη (30)	_____	_____	_____	_____
21. εἰσηκούσθη (31)	_____	_____	_____	_____
22. ἐμνήσθησαν (31)	_____	_____	_____	_____
23. ἔπεμψα (33)	_____	_____	_____	_____
24. ἐποίησας (33)	_____	_____	_____	_____

E. Locate two examples of a pluperfect active (§418) in Jn 8: 12-20:

	<i>Form</i>	<i>Verse</i>	<i>Person</i>	<i>Number</i>
1.	_____	_____	_____	_____
2.	_____	_____	_____	_____